# 5 LINES OF EFFORT ISIS TO DEGRADE & DEFEAT ISIS

WASHINGTON INSTITUTE ANALYSIS AND IDEAS



#1 Providing military support to our partners

## **OPERATION INHERENT RESOLVE**

airstrike sorties

5,000+ 1,700+

intel-related sorties

As of Jan. 13, 2015

#### IRAQ

#### WHAT TO EXPECT

Strategic stalemate characterized by a chain of ISIS-controlled cities surrounded by contested desert and river-valley lines of communication. MORE >

#### **BEYOND AIRSTRIKES**

The United States needs to combine emergency efforts to defeat ISIS with longterm security cooperation with Iragis that will "outperform" Iranian efforts and influence as a military partner. MORE >

## AND BEYOND

#### **HEM IN ISIS**

Sealing Syria's borders Jordan, Turkey, and Iraq will enable better management of ISIS in both Iraq and Syria. MORE >

#### **NEW FRONTS?**

ISIS's "wilayat" (provinces) expansion model poses new challenges that differ from al-Qaeda's affiliate approach. MORE >

### WHAT TO EXPECT

SYRIA

#### ISIS shift toward Aleppo and southern

Syria resulting in more "Kobanes"-isolated pockets of resistance facing heavy attacksand more moderate rebel groups joining ISIS's side. MORE >

#### **BEYOND AIRSTRIKES** Clarity about the nature and purpose of

America's train-and-equip program for Syrian rebels would improve the prospects for the effort's success. MORE >

Coordinated Israeli, Jordanian, and allied assistance in the south could boost the moderate Syrian rebels there, stave off an extremist takeover, and facilitate the ongoing international campaign against ISIS. MORE >

MICHAEL EISENSTADT This argues for an 'anaconda strategy' that slowly, methodically squeezes ISIS from all directions, in both Iraq and Syria, and along multiple lines of operation. MORE >

#2 Impeding the flow of foreign fighters

## MORE FOREIGN FIGHTERS THAN **AFGHANISTAN**

in Iraq and Syria, suprassing the

Afghanistan conflict in the 1980s Peter R. Neumann, ICSR, Jan. 2015

conflicts from 1990-2010 returned home to perpetrate attacks Thomas Hegghammer "Should I Stay or Should I Go?", American Political Science Review, Feb. 2013

### Measures taken to prevent foreign fighters

TACTICS

by countries around the world include: Seizing passports and controlling borders

- U.S. effort to create a single database of
- attempted and active foreign fighters
- Targeting recruitment networks, Salafist groups, websites, and online material Early-report hotlines and community
- programs MORE >

#### Faster, more condensed radicalization

CHALLENGES

- Cooperation between ISIS and al-Qaeda
- adherents and their radicalization and facilitation networks in Europe MORE > Need for a broader strategic approach to
- countering violent extremism to address the root problem MORE >

## Stopping financing and funding

## TACKLING A MODEL LESS SUSCEPTIBLE TO EXISTING TOOLS

#### OIL Target refineries, including mobile

intelligence measures. MORE FOREIGN DONORS

refineries, and smuggling routes through

airstrikes as well as financial and

#### Continue to isolate ISIS from the international financial system. MORE > Help countries like Qatar and Kuwait

financing and enforce newly enacted laws and regulations. MORE ▶

build their capacity to target terrorist

Addressing humanitarian crises in the region

## \$3 MILLION ISIS daily income (Sept. 2014) Ken Dilanian, Associated Press

CRIMINAL ACTIVITY

#### Pressure partners to end ransom payments. Prioritize military effort to push ISIS back

- from areas it controls in order to deny it extortion and criminal profits.
- Work toward Iraqi political reform and law enforcement ability to investigate and prosecute criminal activity.

**Congressional Testimony on Terrorist** 

Financing and the Islamist State MORE >

#### IF IT ENDED Humanitarian safe havens can protect vulnerable civilians only if backed up with TOMORROW: sufficient power (and other lessons from

## 3.7 MILLION Syrian crisis refugees 7.6 MILLION Displaced in Syria

**0.7** MILLION Iraqi crisis refugees

Refugees, UNHCR; Displacement, USAID Reported as of Dec. 2014 or Jan. 2015

2.1 MILLION
Displaced in Iraq

logistical and legal problems with providing aid inside the country. MORE > Jordan's economic woes and burgeoning refugee crisis make it increasingly fertile ground for local recruitment. MORE >

Is Lebanon the next front line? ISIS actions, the refugee influx, political paralysis, and increasing civil strife keep

Syria's canonization by ISIS, moderate rebel groups, and the regime poses

the Bosnian experience). MORE

the country on the knife's edge. MORE > ANDREW J. TABLER

The longer [Assad] is in place, the longer

Syria will be divided. Once Assad goes, t will be possible to put the pieces of

Syria back together again. MORE >

Exposing its true nature

SEEKING A STRATEGY TO COUNTER VIOLENT

## **EXTREMISM (CVE)** Moderates can inoculate the Islamic middle

against ISIS, and this is happening for the first time. Their messages need to be

amplified. MORE ▶ CVE efforts require both community engagement and a response to the ideological underpinnings of radicalization, but currently the U.S. government has both a

structural and programming deficit. MORE > As new programs emerge, it is time to reassess our domestic CVE model, which is largely based on 1990s strategies to target

gang violence, neo-Nazi groups, and other forms of organized crime. MORE CVE efforts need to address personal, local grievances and foreign policy issues, such as the U.S. approach to the crises in Syria and Iraq, which has cemented the

perception that America is not committed to

protecting Sunni Muslims. MORE >

126 Muslim scholars signed an open letter refuting ISIS's religious arguments

30-40 "Engagements" against terrorist propaganda conducted daily by the State Dept.'s Center for Strategic Counterterrorism Communications. ALBERTO M. FERNANDEZ, CSCC

The work of counterterrorism communications is not a sprint but a marathon, a daily grind of numerous skirmishes, of opportunities to influence audiences seized and lost, of trying to find the right mix of words and images at the right moment. This is an alchemy that is more art than science. MORE >

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